

## FILL THE GAPS

## **Weekend Invention**

reluctant	advocated	farmers	workforce	religions
influx	changing	adopted	packed	off

Our two-day long weekends which we are familiar with were initially more of a one-dayoff-a-week deal due to various \_\_\_\_\_\_ only requiring one day of rest a week. Fridays were rest days for Muslims; Saturdays for Jews, and Sundays for Christians. This started \_\_\_\_\_\_ during the Industrial Revolution, however, when the move from farming to factories occurred.

As \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ took on jobs in the factories, they demanded longer rest periods to spend more time at home as they were used to less \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ schedules. Of course, factory owners were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ initially, but laborers' complaints soon turned into large-scale strikes and owners were forced to give in.

Since Christianity was widespread and well-known, getting Sundays off was quite easy. Saturdays were \_\_\_\_\_\_ as a second rest day when factories gained an \_\_\_\_\_\_ of Jewish workers in the late 1800s who required Saturdays off for worshipping.

Apart from religious workers pushing for \_\_\_\_\_\_ days, the famous factory owner, Henry Ford, also \_\_\_\_\_\_ for longer rest periods after realizing that a rested \_\_\_\_\_\_ was more likely to buy and sell his cars if they had free time to drive the cars around. Slowly, two-day 'weekends' became standardized, and shorter work hours -such as 40-hour work weeks- were implemented.

## **Teacher's Key**

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